WHP - 2024 Hospital Services E/M Coding Tool

Elements of Medical Decision Making (MDM) Select appropriate level of E/M service based on either: To qualify for a particular level of MDM two of the three elements below must be met or exceeded Level of MDM Risk of Complications and/or OR Number & Complexity of Amount and/or Complexity of Morbidity or Mortality of Patient Total Encounter Time* Problems Addressed** Data Reviewed and Analyzed Management** (Examples Only) Code Type Time Minimal/Low **Limited** – must meet the requirements of at least 1 of the 2 Low risk of morbidity from additional Straightforward/Low MDM · 2 or more self-limited or diagnostic testing or treatment cateaories 99221 Init IP/Obs 40 minor problems; Category 1: Tests and documents | Any combination of 2 from Over-the-counter drugs • 1 stable chronic illness: or the following: • Physical Therapy/Occupational 99231 Subs IP/Obs 25 • 1 stable acute illness: or Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*; Therapy • 1 acute, uncomplicated • Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; • Ordering of Same Day 45 99234 illness or injury requiring each unique test* OR Admit/Disch hospital IP/Obs level care. Category 2: Assessment requiring an independent historian(s)** Moderate MDM Moderate Moderate – must meet the requirements of at least 1 out of 3 Moderate risk of morbidity from 1 or more chronic illnesses categories additional diagnostic testing or Init IP/Obs 55 99222 with exacerbation. Category 1: Tests, documents, or independent historian(s) treatment Any combination of 3 from the following: • Prescription drug management progression, or side effects of Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*; • Decision regarding minor surgery with treatment: or • 2 or more stable chronic • Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; • Ordering of identified patient or procedure risk Subs IP/Obs 35 99232 illnesses: or each unique test*; factors • 1 undiagnosed new problem Assessment requiring an independent historian(s) OR • Decision regarding elective major Category 2: Independent interpretation of a test performed by w/uncertain prognosis: or surgery w/o identified patient or 1 acute illness with systemic procedure risk factors physician/other qualified health care professional (not Diagnosis or treatment significantly symptoms; or Same Day 70 99235 • 1 acute complicated injury separately reported); OR limited by social determinants of health Admit/Disch Category 3: Discussion of management or test interpretation with external clinician or appropriate source (not separately reported) Extensive: (Must meet the requirements of at least 2 out of 3 High risk of morbidity from additional **High MDM** High 75 • 1 or more chronic illnesses categories) diagnostic testing or treatment Init IP/Obs 99223 w/severe exacerbation, Category 1: Tests, documents, or independent historian(s) • Drug therapy req intensive monitoring progression, or side effects of Any combination of 3 from the following: for toxicity Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*; • Decision regarding elect. major treatment: or 99233 Subs IP/Obs 50 • 1 acute or chronic illness or Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; surgery with identified pat. or proc. risk injury that poses a threat to Ordering of each unique test*; factors · Assessment requiring an independent historian(s) OR life or bodily function • Decision regarding emergency major Category 2: Independent interpretation of a test performed by surgery another physician/other qualified health care professional (not · Decision regarding hospitalization, or Same Day 85 escalation of hospital-level of care 99236 separately reported): OR Admit/Disch Category 3: Discussion of management or test interp. with Decision not to resuscitate or to external clinician or appropriate source (not separately deescalate care d/t poor prognosis • Parenteral controlled substances © Welter Healthcare Partners **See back of tool for Discharge, Critical Care, Prolonged Services and MDM definitions.

IP/Obs Discharge Services	Discharge Services include "total time" on the date of discharge spent by the provider even if the time is not continuous. Time must			
99238: Total time ≤ 30 mins	be documented. These codes are to be used only by the provider responsible for discharge services. Services by other providers on			
99239: Total time > 30 mins	the same day should be reported using the appropriate Subsequent IP/Obs code (99231, 99232, 99233).			
IP/Obs Prolonged Services	CPT: Prolonged time is counted once total time is beyond the time required to report the highest level of the primary service.			
+ 99418: Each 15 mins	Medicare: Do not report for any time less than 15 minutes beyond the highest level of the primary service (Use Medicare G-code).			
Critical Care Services	CPT Critical Care Guidelines Examples Medicare Critical Care Guidelines Examples			
99291: 30-74 mins	75-104 minutes 99291 x1 and 99292 x1		104 minutes 99291 x1 and 99292 x1	
+99292: each add'l 30 mins		99291 x1 and 99292 x2		
+99292: each add 1 30 mins	105-134 minutes		134 minutes	99291 x1 and 99292 x2
Definitions for MDM Terms**				
Self-limited or minor problem	A problem that runs a definite and prescribed course, is transient in nature, and is not likely to permanently alter health status.			
Stable, chronic illness	A problem with an expected duration of at least a year or until the death of the patient. Conditions are treated as chronic whether or not stage or			
Ata	severity changes. A recent or new short-term problem with low risk of morbidity. There is little to no risk of mortality, full recovery expected. Examples: allergic rhinitis or			
Acute, uncomplicated illness or injury	upper respiratory infection.			
Acute, uncomplicated illness/injury	A recent or short-term problem with low risk of morbidity for which treatment is required. There is little to no risk of mortality with treatment and full			
requiring hosp. IP/Obs level care	recovery is expected. Treatment is provided in a hospital IP or Observation level setting			
Stable, acute illness	A problem that is new or recent for which treatment has been initiated. Resolution may not be complete but is stable/improving.			
Chronic illness with exacerbation,	A chronic illness that is acutely worsening, poorly controlled or progressing with an intent to control progression and requiring additional supportive			
progression/side effects of treatment	care or requiring attention to treatment for side effects.			
Undiagnosed new problem with uncertain	A problem in the differential diagnosis that represents a condition likely to result in a high risk of morbidity without treatment. An example may include			
prognosis	a lump in the breast.			
Acute illness with systemic symptoms	An illness that causes systemic symptoms and has a high risk of morbidity without treatment. For systemic general symptoms such as fever, body aches			
	or fatigue in a minor illness that may be treated to alleviate symptoms, see the definitions for 'self-limited or minor' or 'acute, uncomplicated. Systemic			
	symptoms may not be general, but may be single system.			
Acute, complicated injury	An injury which requires treatment that includes evaluation of body systems that are not directly part of the injured organ, the injury is extensive, or the			
	treatment options are multiple and/or associated with risk of morbidity. An example may include a head injury with brief loss of consciousness.			
Independent interpretation	The interpretation of a test for which there is a CPT code, and an interpretation or report is customary. This does not apply when the clinician is			
	reporting the service or has previously reported the service for the patient. A form of interpretation should be documented, but need not conform to			
	the usual standards of a complete report for the test.			
Independent historian	An individual (e.g., parent, guardian, surrogate, spouse, witness) who provided a history in addition to history provided by the patient who is unable to provide a complete or reliable history (e.g., developmental stage, dementia, or psychosis). This does not include translation services.			
Chronic illness with severe exacerbation,	The severe exacerbation or progression of a chronic illness or severe side effects of treatment that have significant risk of morbidity and may require			
progression, or side effects of treatment	escalation in level of care.			
Acute or chronic illness or injury that poses	An acute illness with systemic symptoms, or an acute complicated injury, or a chronic illness or injury with exacerbation and/or progression or side			
a threat to life or bodily function	effects of treatment, that poses a threat to life or bodily function in the near term without treatment. Symptoms may represent a condition that is			
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Drug therapy requiring intensive	A drug that requires intensive monitoring is a therapeutic agent that has the potential to cause serious morbidity or death. The monitoring is performed			
monitoring for toxicity	for assessment of these adverse effects and not primarily for assessment of therapeutic efficacy. The monitoring may be by a lab test, a physiologic test			
	or imaging. Monitoring by history or examination does not qualify. The monitoring affects the level of medical decision making in an encounter in which			
	it is considered in the management of the patient. Examples may include: monitoring for a cytopenia in the use of an antineoplastic agent between dose			
	cycles or the short-term intensive monitoring of electrolytes and renal function in a patient who is undergoing diuresis.			
Appropriate source		ata element, an appropriate source incl	•	•
	involved in the management of the patient (e.g., lawyer, parole officer, case manager, teacher). It does not include discussion with family orlcaregivers.			
Total Encounter Time Definition*				
Total encounter time includes both face-to-face and non-face-to-face time personally spent by the clinician on the day of the encounter. Time includes completing documentation. Clinical staff time				
cannot be counted. Avoid use of time statements in all records, only document total time when selecting code based on total encounter time. Do not include time spent performing separately billable				
services. This definition does not apply to codes that are only time-based services and have specific time guidelines (e.g., Critical Care Services)				
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